

Basavarajeswari Group of Institutions

2022 SCHEME

BALLARI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & MANAGEMENT

(Autonomous Institute under Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi)

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Course Code

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First / Second Semester B.E. Degree Examinations, February 2025

INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Duration: 1 hr

Max. Marks: 50

Note: 1. All questions are compulsory 2. Each question carries 1 mark 3. Use only black ball point pen
4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid
5. Damaging/overwriting using whiteners on the OMR are strictly prohibited.

- | <u>Q.No</u> | <u>Question</u> |
|-------------|---|
| 1. | How were the members of the Constituent Assembly chosen?
A. Elected by the people
B. Nominated by parties
C. Elected by provincial assemblies
D. Appointed by the British |
| 2. | When did the first meeting of the Constituent Assembly take place?
A. 9 Dec 1946
B. 26 Jan 1950
C. 15 Aug 1947
D. 26 Nov 1949 |
| 3. | The Drafting Committee of the Constitution was chaired by:
A. Jawaharlal Nehru
B. B.R. Ambedkar
C. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
D. Sardar Patel |
| 4. | How many committees were formed to draft the Constitution?
A. 9
B. 13
C. 17
D. 7 |
| 5. | The Constitution of India came into effect on:
A. 26 November 1949
B. 15 August 1947
C. 26 January 1950
D. 9 December 1946 |
| 6. | Idea of Directive Principles of State Policy was borrowed from:
A. U.S. Constitution
B. Fiji Constitution
C. Irish Constitution
D. EU Constitution |
| 7. | The Preamble of the Constitution declares India as a:
A. Democratic Republic
B. Sovereign Socialist Secular Democratic Republic
C. Federal State
D. Quasi-Federal State |
| 8. | The Constitution guarantees how many Fundamental Rights?
A. 6
B. 7
C. 5
D. 4 |
| 9. | The Constitution of India was influenced by which of the following documents?
A. The Magna Carta
B. The U.S. Constitution
C. The French Declaration of Rights
D. All of the above |
| 10. | Which amendment added "Socialist" and "Secular" to the Preamble?
A. 24th Amendment
B. 42nd Amendment
C. 44th Amendment
D. None |
| 11. | Directive Principles are:
A. Justiciable
B. Non-justiciable
C. Enforceable
D. Mandatory |
| 12. | Fundamental Rights are:
A. Absolute
B. Sacrosanct
C. Non-justiciable
D. Justiciable |
| 13. | The President of India is elected by:
A. Parliament
B. Members of state legislatures
C. An electoral college
D. Direct elections |
| 14. | The Vice-President is the ex-officio Chairperson of:
A. Lok Sabha
B. Rajya Sabha
C. Parliament
D. Cabinet Committee |

- [illegible]

36. Who appoints the Chief Justice of India?
 A. The Prime Minister
 B. The President of India
 C. The High Court judges
 D. The Attorney General
37. The Chief Minister is appointed by:
 A. The Prime Minister
 B. The Speaker
 C. The Governor
 D. The President
38. The Governor can dissolve the State Legislative Assembly on the advice of:
 A. The Chief Minister
 B. The Advocate-General
 C. The Speaker
 D. The Home Minister
39. During President's Rule, the State administration is carried out by:
 A. The Governor
 B. The Chief Minister
 C. The President
 D. The Supreme Court
40. The Chief Minister must be a member of:
 A. The State Legislature
 B. The Lok Sabha
 C. The Rajya Sabha
 D. The Supreme Court
41. Who is responsible for communicating decisions of the Council of Ministers to the Governor?
 A. Chief Secretary
 B. Chief Minister
 C. Home Minister
 D. Advocate-General
42. The Governor's assent is required for:
 A. Budgets
 B. Ordinances
 C. Bills to become law
 D. Judicial appointments
43. Who introduces the State budget in the Legislature?
 A. The Governor
 B. The Chief Minister
 C. The Finance Minister
 D. The Speaker
44. How many members currently constitute the Election Commission of India?
 A. One
 B. Two
 C. Three
 D. Four
45. Who appoints the Chief Election Commissioner (CEC) of India?
 A. Prime Minister
 B. President
 C. Chief Justice of India
 D. Speaker of Lok Sabha
46. What is the primary role of the Election Commission of India?
 A. Conduct elections in India
 B. Formulate new electoral laws
 C. Appoint State Governors
 D. Resolve parliamentary disputes
47. The Right to Property was removed as a Fundamental Right by which Amendment?
 A. 42nd Amendment
 B. 44th Amendment
 C. 1st Amendment
 D. 52nd Amendment
48. The Preamble was amended by which Constitutional Amendment?
 A. 42nd Amendment
 B. 86th Amendment
 C. 44th Amendment
 D. 73rd Amendment
49. How many types of emergencies are mentioned in the Indian Constitution?
 A. Two
 B. Three
 C. Four
 D. Five
50. During a National Emergency, the Indian federal system changes to:
 A. A unitary system
 B. A decentralized system
 C. A dual system
 D. An independent system

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