Basavarajeswari Group of Institutions

## BALLARI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & MANAGEMENT

(Autonomous Institute under Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi)

USN			<b>Course Code</b>	2 2 8	F H 1 8 / 2 8
First /	Second Semester B.E	. Degree Summer Sei	nester Examina	tions, Septe	ember/October 2025
	SCIENT	IFIC FOUNDA	ATION OF	' HEAL	TH
Durati	on: 1 hr				Max. Marks: 50
Instruc	tions to the Candidates:				
•	All questions are compu	ılsorv			
•	Each question carries 1	•			
•	Use only black ball poin				
•	Darkening two circles for	or the same question mo	akes the answer in	ıvalid	
•	Damaging/overwriting,	using whiteners on the	OMR are strictly	prohibited.	
<u>Q.No</u>			<u>iestions</u>		
1.	What is the advantage	of good health?	<b>.</b>		***
	A. One can earn more.		<ul><li>B. One can lead a happy life.</li><li>D. One can be in-active.</li></ul>		
2.	C. One can be impulsive	trolto be hea		can be in-ac	cuve.
4.	A. Others.	B. Mind and body.	•	. Tasks.	D. None
	71. Others.	B. Willia and body.		. I usks.	D. I (one
3.	To live mindfulness me				
	A. Past.	B. Present.	C	. Future.	D. Thoughts.
4.	Which is NOT one of t	he reasons that you shou	ıld aim for eating	balanced die	t?
	A. You'll have more en	ergy.	B. You'll imp	ress your fri	ends.
	C. You'll protect yours	_	D. You're mo	re likely to k	teep a healthy weight.
5.	Which is the positive v			D. T.	
	A. I am ok you are not	ok.			ok you are ok.
4	C. I am ok you are ok.	oolth is gotting 8 hours o	f claan ayany nigh		ok you are not ok
6.	An example of good not A. Mental health.	ealth is getting 8 hours o B. Emotional healt		i. ifestyle.	D. Physical health
	A. Mentai neattii.	D. Emotional near	II. C. L	arestyle.	D. Filysical fleatur
7.	-	g all four dimensions of	_		
	A. Physical health.	B. Social health.	C. W	Vellness.	D. Refusal skills
8.	The term	means keeping clean to	nrevent the sprea	nd of disease	
•	A. Hygiene.	B. Refusal skills.		ocial health.	D. Wellness.
9.	<del>-</del>	diseases is NOT affects	-		
10	A. Asthma.	B. Chickenpox.	C. Al	lergies.	D. Cancer.
10.	Stress effect on health				D. W.
	A. Curable.	B. non-curable.	C. Manageable	<b>).</b>	D. None
11.	What decides our chara		a m		<b>5</b> 44 63
	A. Food we eat.	B. Book we read.	C. Thoughts we	e think.	D. All of these
12.	Try to add more	•			
	A. Carbohydrates.	B. Fiber.	C. Junk food.		D. Soda.
13.	Eating regular meals he				
	A. Blood sugar levels.	B. Blood pre	ssure, C. Ho	ormones.	D. A and C.

<b>14.</b>	An eating disorder is a mental	disorder defined by				
	A. Abnormal thinking.	B. Abnormal eating behaviours.				
	C. Abnormal friends.		D. Abnormal s	D. Abnormal surroundings.		
<b>15.</b>	How do we store energy in ou	r bodies?				
	A. Batteries. B	. Muscles.	C. Hair.		D. Fat.	
<b>16.</b>	The ability of joint to move be	eyond the normal rang	e			
	A. Speed. B.	Balance.	C. Flexibil	ity.	D. Body mass.	
<b>17.</b>	Stress management training is	based on a theory stre	ess.			
	A. Cognitive B. Beha	vioural C. Ps	ycho dynamic	D. Cog	nitive behavioural.	
18.	The ability of heart and lungs	to deliver enough oxy	gen to the differ	rent body part	ts.	
	A. Muscular strength.		B. Muscular str	ength endurar	nce	
	C. Flexibility.	I	D. Cardio-respii	ratory endurai	nce	
<b>19.</b>	The science of food and how the body uses it in health and disease is called?					
	A. The dietary guidelines.	B. The food guide py			. D. Nutrition.	
20.	An example of behavioural sign	gns of stress?				
	A. Frequent mood swings.	B. Compulsive eatin	g. C. Crying.	D. Nervou	isness and sadness.	
21.	What is friendship?	•				
	A. Bond between people.	B. Sharing feelings.	C. Sharing th	oughts.	D. All of these	
22.	Why humans need friendship?	?	_	_		
	A. Humans are social being.		B. Humans see profits.			
	C. Humans want food.  D. Humans need shelter.					
23.	Which of the following is not	a social engineering to	echnique?			
	A. Blogging.	B. Hacking.	C. Phishing.		D. Pharming.	
24.	What are the steps to increase	the vocal clarity				
	A. Keep your language simple		B. Slow down during conversation			
	C. Feedback		D. Both A and B			
<b>25.</b>	Healthy relationship helps to					
	A. Strengthen your immune system.		B. Help you recover from disease.			
	C. Lengthen your life span.		D. All of these			
<b>26.</b>	Which of these is the third ste	p in the listening proce	ess?			
	A. Stop talking.	B. Interpreting.	C. Respo	nding.	D. Receiving.	
27.	Which of these is not a step in	the listening process?	•			
	A. To stop talking.	B. Receiving.	C. Misinto	erpreting.	D. Responding.	
28.	To Build Communication skil	ls				
	A. Listen to another person.		B. Speak in polite manner.			
	C. Speak less and listen more.			D. All of the		
29.	Which of these listening skills	s mainly focuses on fee	elings and emot	-		
	A. Informative listening.				minative listening.	
	C. Biased listening.			D. Sympa	thetic listening.	
30.	Which of these is not a mode	_				
	<del>_</del>	Biased listening. C.	Responsive lis	tening. D.	Active listening.	
31.	Physical signs of stress?		~ .			
25	•	B. Poor memory.	C. Anger.		npulsive actions.	
32.	Local community drug preven			_	D '	
	A. Peer-pressure resistance tra	uning. B. Peer pressu	ire. C. Peer pr	omotion. D.	Peer propaganda.	

33.	A lack of judgment reself is known as:	egarding a particular substa	nce or behaviour will be l	healthy or damaging one-			
	A. Loss of control.	B. Obsession.	C. Compulsion.	D. Denial.			
34.	Exclusive use of any drug (legal or illegal) constitutes.						
	A. Drug tolerance.	B. Drug addiction	. C. Drug abuse.	D. Drug misuse.			
<b>35.</b>	An example of water	borne disease is:					
	A. Diphtheria.	B. Tonsilitis.	C. Diarrhoea.	D. Measles.			
36.	Health compromising	g behaviour is					
	A. Good for health.	B. Harmful for he	alth. C. Mediate healt	th. D. None of these.			
<b>37.</b>	Alcohol consumption	has been linked to					
	A. Liver cirrhosis.	B. High blood pres	ssure. C. Stroke.	D. All of these			
38.	Endless stream of uns	spoken thoughts that run th	rough your head				
	A. Asanas.	B. Self-talk	C. Positive thinking	g. D. Meditation.			
39.	Best way to find a go	od listener					
	A. Be a good observe	er.	B. Be a	good speaker.			
	C. Be a good listener	yourself.	D. Be a	good friend.			
40.	Which one is an exam	nple of internal cause of str	ress?				
	A. Major life changes	s. B. Worry. C.	Relationship difficulties.	D. Financial problems			
41.	Which of the following	ng is an example of non-inf	fectious disease?				
	A. Pneumonia.	B. High blood pressur	re. C. Influenzas	D. Typhoid.			
<b>42.</b>	Arthritis is the diseas	e of					
	A. Skin.	B. Kidney.	C. Livers	D. Joints.			
43.	Dengue is caused by						
	A. Bacteria.	B. Virus.	C. Fungus.	D. Pollution.			
44.	Health compromising behavior commonly seen in						
	A. High class	B. Middle class	C. Low class	D. None of these			
<b>45.</b>	More research is nece	essary to confirm the assum	nptions that cause 1	positive changes to			
	quality of life.						
	A. Lifestyle changes	B. Research findings	C. Survey data D.	Questionnaire responses			
46.	Risk for coronary heart disease may increase with high intakes of						
	A. Coconut oil	B. Coconut.	C. Red palm oil.	D. Animal fats.			
<b>47.</b>	Photophobia is cause	d by the deficiency of					
	A. Vitamin B1	B. Vitamin B12.	C. Vitamin B4	D. Vitamin B6			
<b>48.</b>	How far does the mutual relationship of parents influence child personality?						
	A. Largely.	B. Gradually.	C. Speedily,	D. Commonly.			
<b>49.</b>	A sensory experience	e in the absence of stimulati	on of receptors is called				
	A. Delusion.	B. Paranoia.	C. Hallucinations.	D. Illusions.			
50.	Unable to explain and	d overcome is called:					
	A. Fear.	B. Mania.	C. Paranoia.	D. Phobia.			

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